

May 16, 2022

The Honorable Nancy Pelosi
Speaker of the House
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Charles Schumer
Senate Majority Leader
U.S. Senate
Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Kevin McCarthy
House Minority Leader
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Mitch McConnell
Senate Minority Leader
U.S. Senate
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Speaker Pelosi, Minority Leader McCarthy, Majority Leader Schumer, and Minority Leader McConnell:

On behalf of 125 national and state organizations representing patients, families, health care providers, public health experts, and others, we urge Congress to act swiftly to restore essential support for access to COVID-19 testing, treatment and vaccines. As bipartisan negotiations regarding additional funding for the COVID-19 response continue, Congress must include measures to ensure that everyone, regardless of insurance status, can continue to access lifesaving vaccines, testing, and treatment. The Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) COVID-19 Uninsured Program is critical to support these services and urgently requires funding.

Originally established by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act, and most recently funded as part of the American Rescue Plan Act in 2021, the HRSA COVID-19 Uninsured Program reimburses health care providers who render COVID-19 testing, treatment, and vaccine services to uninsured individuals.¹ The program has provided essential mitigation measures to lessen the harm and scope of the COVID-19 pandemic by ensuring that cost sharing does not prevent individuals from seeking vaccination, testing, and treatment. Since its inception, the Uninsured Program has paid for more than 30,000 COVID-19 tests, treatment for more than 34,000 individuals, and for the administration of more than 18,000 COVID vaccines.² Unfortunately, due to insufficient funds, HRSA has been unable to process claims for testing and treatment since March 22 and stopped accepting claims for vaccinations on April 5.

Sustained and adequate funding is essential for the federal government and public health agencies to support the country's ongoing efforts to prevent and mitigate the harmful effects of COVID-19. Without the HRSA Uninsured Program, uninsured Americans have already begun losing access to testing, treatment, and vaccination services, placing themselves and other members of their communities at risk of infection. Unless Congress acts, this lack of funding will only exacerbate existing racial and ethnic disparities in access to health services for historically marginalized communities. For example, Latino children and families are much more likely to be uninsured compared to their white counterparts³ and have disproportionately suffered from the

¹ COVID-19 Claims Reimbursement to Health Care Providers and Facilities for Testing, Treatment, and Vaccine Administration for the Uninsured. <https://www.hrsa.gov/CovidUninsuredClaim>

² HHS COVID-19 Funding, Testing, Treatment, and Vaccine Administration for the Uninsured, accessed May 3, 2022 from <https://taggs.hhs.gov/Coronavirus/Uninsured>

³ Whitener, Kelly, Snider, Matthew. "Expanding Medicaid Would Help Close Coverage Gap for Latino Children and Parents." *Center For Children and Families*, 29 June 2021, <https://ccf.georgetown.edu/2021/06/29/expanding-medicaid-would-help-close-coverage-gap-for-latino-children-and-parents/>.

health and economic consequences of the virus.^{4,5} Similarly, Black communities have been overrepresented in the essential workforce before and during the pandemic, have suffered a disproportionate share of deaths from the disease, and are also more likely to be uninsured than their white counterparts.^{6,7,8} For uninsured individuals, the HRSA Uninsured Program has been one of the only means of accessing COVID-19 testing, treatment, and vaccination services regardless of immigration status. Failing to adequately fund the HRSA Uninsured Program not only places these communities at greater risk, but also risks undoing the progress that has been made toward equitable access to COVID-19 services, including vaccines.

Furthermore, the HRSA Uninsured Program has acted as a lifeline for safety net providers across the country, many already operating on thin margins and grappling with severe workforce shortages. Without a commitment from Congress to restore the program, these providers will be forced to absorb the additional costs or make tough decisions about limiting the COVID-19 services they provide to uninsured individuals, potentially decreasing access to care and leaving our nation unprepared for future variants and surges.⁹

This threat is particularly concerning as the nation prepares for the new availability of a COVID-19 vaccine for children younger than five years of age. If and when the FDA issues an emergency use authorization for a vaccine for this population, the HRSA Uninsured Program must be operational to ensure access for uninsured young children and their caregivers.

Individual states currently have the option to provide Medicaid coverage for COVID-19 testing, treatment, and vaccination to uninsured individuals who meet Medicaid's non-financial eligibility requirements, with full federal funding for those costs by filing a Disaster Relief State Plan Amendment with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).¹⁰ However, this option excludes some uninsured individuals, and is only available through the end of the month in which the COVID-19 public health emergency (PHE) ends – at present, through July 15, 2022. The limited eligibility, short duration, continued uncertainty, and bureaucratic complexity of this pathway make the state option to cover COVID-19 services for uninsured individuals

⁴ “Covid-19 Provisional Counts – Health Disparities.” *Centers for Disease Control and Prevention*, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 27 Apr. 2022, https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/vsrr/covid19/health_disparities.htm.

⁵ Despres, Cliff. “Update: Coronavirus Case Rates and Death Rates for Latinos in the United States.” *Salud America*, 19 Apr. 2022, <https://salud-america.org/coronavirus-case-rates-and-death-rates-for-latinos-in-the-united-states/>.

⁶ Tomer A and JW Kane, “To protect frontline workers during and after COVID-19, we must define who they are.” Brookings Institute, 10 June 2020. <https://www.brookings.edu/research/to-protect-frontline-workers-during-and-after-covid-19-we-must-define-who-they-are/>.

⁷ Hill L and S Artiga, “COVID-19 Cases and Deaths by Race/Ethnicity: Current Data and Changes Over Time.” Kaiser Family Foundation, February 2022. <https://www.kff.org/coronavirus-covid-19/issue-brief/covid-19-cases-and-deaths-by-race-ethnicity-current-data-and-changes-over-time/>.

⁸ Artiga S, L Hill, K Orgera, and A Damico. “Health Coverage by Race and Ethnicity, 2010-2019,” Kaiser Family Foundation, July 2021. <https://www.kff.org/racial-equity-and-health-policy/issue-brief/health-coverage-by-race-and-ethnicity/>.

⁹ The White House Fact Sheet: Consequences of Lack of Funding for Efforts to Combat Covid-19 if Congress Does not Act. <https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/statements-releases/2022/03/15/fact-sheet-consequences-of-lack-of-funding-for-efforts-to-combat-covid-19-if-congress-does-not-act/>.

¹⁰ Tolbert, Jennifer et al. “Implications of the Lapse in Federal Covid-19 Funding on Access to Covid-19 Testing, Treatment, and Vaccines.” KFF, 28 Mar. 2022, <https://www.kff.org/coronavirus-covid-19/issue-brief/implications-of-the-lapse-in-federal-covid-19-funding-on-access-to-covid-19-testing-treatment-and-vaccines/>.

challenging to implement and likely to exacerbate inequitable access to services: a national solution is called for.

Protecting the health and wellbeing of all communities as next phase of the pandemic unfolds requires lawmakers to prioritize the policies and programs that have shown to have the greatest impact. Congress must act urgently to restore the COVID-19 Uninsured Program to fulfill the promise of access to testing, treatment, and vaccinations without cost-sharing.

If you have questions or would like to discuss this issue further, please contact Stephanie Glier at the American Academy of Pediatrics at sglier@aap.org.

Sincerely,

American Academy of Pediatrics
 ACA Consumer Advocacy
 Academic Pediatric Association
 AIDS Alliance for Women, Infants, Children, Youth
 & Families
 AIDS Foundation Chicago
 AIDS United
 Aliento Education Fund
 ALL In Education
 Allegany Franciscan Ministries
 American Academy of Family Physicians
 American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network
 American College of Obstetricians and
 Gynecologists
 American College of Physicians
 American Federation of Teachers
 American Osteopathic Association
 American Pediatric Society
 Asian & Pacific Islander American Health Forum
 (APIAHF)
 Asian Americans Advancing Justice - Los Angeles
 Association of Asian Pacific Community Health
 Organizations (AAPCHO)
 Association of Medical School Pediatric
 Department Chairs
 Autistic Self Advocacy Network
 Be a Hero
 Broward for Progress
 California Chapter 1 of the American Academy of
 Pediatrics
 California Chapter 3 of the American Academy of
 Pediatrics

California Immigrant Policy Center
 California Primary Care Association
 Casa San Jose
 Catalyst Miami
 Catholic Health Association of the United States
 Center for Law and Social Policy (CLASP)
 Children's Defense Fund
 Children's Action Alliance
 Children's Health Fund
 Children's Hospital Association
 Colorado Consumer Health Initiative
 Community Catalyst
 Community Health Plan of Washington
 Community Service Society of NY
 Congregation of Our Lady of Charity of the Good
 Shepherd, U.S. Provinces
 Democratic Disability Caucus of Florida
 Enlace Chicago
 Equality California
 Erie Family Health Centers
 F2FHIC American Samoa
 Family Voices
 Family Voices NJ
 Farmworker Justice
 First Focus Campaign for Children
 Florida Chapter of the American Academy of
 Pediatrics
 Florida Health Justice Project
 Florida Policy Institute
 Florida Voices for Health
 Foundation for Healthy Generations
 Georgia Watch

Georgians for a Healthy Future	New York Chapter 3 of the American Academy of Pediatrics
Health & Medicine Policy Research Group	North Carolina AIDS Action Network
Heart of Florida United Way	Northwest Health Law Advocates
Illinois Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics	Oasis Legal Services
Illinois Coalition for Immigrant and Refugee Rights (ICIRR)	Oklahoma Policy Institute
Illinois Primary Health Care Association	OneAmerica
Immunize.org	Oregon Pediatric Society
Justice in Aging	Pennsylvania Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics
Kentucky Voices for Health	Parent Information Center of Delaware
Legal Council for Health Justice	Pediatric Policy Council
Maine Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics	Prevention Institute
Maine Parent Federation	PTI Nebraska
Maryland Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics	Rhode Island Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics
Michigan Family Voices	RIP Medical Debt
MomsRising	Shriver Center on Poverty Law
Montana Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics	Silver State Equality
National Advocacy Center of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd	Society for Pediatric Research
National Association for Children's Behavioral Health	South Carolina Appleseed Legal Justice Center
National Association of Counties	South Carolina Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics
National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners	Southwest Suburban Immigrant Project
National Black Midwives Alliance	SPAN Parent Advocacy Network (SPAN)
National Center for Parent Leadership, Advocacy, and Community Empowerment (National PLACE)	Tennessee Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics
National Coalition for Latinxs with Disabilities (CNLD)	Tennessee Health Care Campaign
National Consumers League	Tennessee Justice Center
National Council of Urban Indian Health	Texas Pediatric Society
National Health Law Program	The Arc Michigan
National Immigration Law Center	The Arizona Partnership for Immunization
National League for Nursing	The Children's Partnership
North Carolina Pediatric Society	The Parents' Place of MD
Nebraska Appleseed	The Workers Circle
NETWORK Lobby of Catholic Social Justice	TODEC Legal Center
Nevada Chapter, American Academy of Pediatrics	Trust for America's Health
New Jersey Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics	UnidosUS
	Unitarian Universalist Justice Florida
	United Way of Broward County
	Vermont Family Network
	Washington Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics